

$$7+5=$$

$$500+700=$$

$$3000+8000=$$

$$400+800=$$

$$8000+4000=$$

$$80'000+400'000=$$

$$300+900=$$

$$3000+9000=$$

$$700+400=$$

$$70'000+40'000=$$

$$4000+7000=$$

$$3+9=$$

$$90+30=$$

$$9000+3000=$$

$$30'000+90'000=$$

$$400+700=$$

$$300 + 900 + 700 =$$

$$7000 + 9000 + 3000 =$$

$$600 + 500 =$$

$$300 + 1200 =$$

$$120'000 + 30'000 =$$

$$600 + 600 =$$

$$6000 + 3000 + 6000 + 3000 =$$

$$700 + 200 + 300 =$$

$$20 + 70 + 30 =$$

$$300 + 200 + 700 =$$

$$900 + 900 + 200 =$$

$$8000 + 4000 + 8000 =$$

T 1000	
750	
	350
650	
	120

$$600 + 500 =$$

$$300 + 1500 =$$

$$100 + 400 + 500 =$$

$$1300 + 300 =$$

$$1100 + 400 =$$

$$900 + 300 =$$

$$7000 + 2000 =$$

$$5000 + 4000 =$$

$$5000 + 900 =$$

$$5000 + 9000 =$$

$$800 + 400 =$$

$$80'000 + 40'000 =$$

$$5000 + 7000 =$$

$$500 + 800 + 500 =$$

$$3000 + 4000 =$$

$$2000 + 7000 =$$

$$2'000 + 70'000 =$$

$$3000 + 5000 =$$

The diagram shows a large rectangle divided into three regions. A horizontal line divides the rectangle into a top half and a bottom half. The bottom half is further divided by a vertical line into two equal-sized rectangles. The bottom-left rectangle is shaded gray, while the top rectangle and the bottom-right rectangle are white.

A diagram consisting of a large square divided into four smaller squares by a horizontal line and a vertical line. The vertical line is positioned in the bottom-left square, dividing it into two smaller vertical rectangles.

The diagram shows a large rectangle divided into three regions. A horizontal line divides the rectangle into a top rectangle and a bottom section. The bottom section is further divided by a vertical line into two equal squares. The top rectangle has a height equal to the side length of the squares, making it a square itself. The overall shape is a large square composed of three smaller squares of equal size.

The diagram shows a large rectangle divided into three regions. A horizontal line divides the rectangle into a top half and a bottom half. The bottom half is further divided by a vertical line into two equal-width rectangles. The bottom-left rectangle is shaded gray, while the top rectangle and the bottom-right rectangle are white.

A diagram showing a large rectangle divided into three parts. The top part is a rectangle labeled $\frac{1}{2}$. The bottom part is divided into two equal rectangles, each labeled $\frac{1}{4}$.

A diagram consisting of a large square divided into four quadrants by a horizontal and a vertical line. The bottom-left quadrant is further divided into two smaller squares by a vertical line.

The diagram shows a large rectangle divided into three regions. A horizontal line divides the rectangle into a top half and a bottom half. The bottom half is further divided by a vertical line into two equal-width rectangles. The bottom-left rectangle is shaded gray, while the top rectangle and the bottom-right rectangle are white.

A diagram consisting of a large square divided into four quadrants by a horizontal and a vertical line. The bottom-left quadrant is further divided into two equal rectangular cells by a vertical line.

The diagram shows a large rectangle divided into three regions. A horizontal line divides the rectangle into a top half and a bottom half. The bottom half is further divided by a vertical line into two equal-width rectangles. The bottom-left rectangle is shaded gray, while the top rectangle and the bottom-right rectangle are white.

A diagram consisting of a large square divided into four quadrants by a horizontal and a vertical line. The bottom-left quadrant is further divided by a vertical line into two equal halves. The bottom-right quadrant is further divided by a horizontal line into two equal halves. This creates a total of six rectangular regions of different sizes.

A diagram consisting of a large square divided into four smaller squares by a horizontal line. The bottom-left square is further divided into two smaller squares by a vertical line.

A diagram of a rectangle divided into three regions. A horizontal line divides the rectangle into a top rectangle and a bottom row. The bottom row is further divided by a vertical line into two smaller rectangles. The bottom-left rectangle is shaded gray.

The diagram shows a large rectangle divided into three regions. A horizontal line divides the rectangle into a top rectangle and a bottom section. The bottom section is further divided by a vertical line into two equal squares. The top rectangle has a height equal to the side length of the squares, and its width is equal to the sum of the widths of the two squares.

A diagram consisting of a large square divided into four quadrants by a horizontal and a vertical line. The bottom-left quadrant is further divided into two equal rectangular cells by a vertical line.

The diagram shows a large rectangle divided into four smaller rectangles by a horizontal line and a vertical line. The top-left rectangle is shaded gray. The bottom-left rectangle is labeled 'a' and the bottom-right rectangle is labeled 'b'.